

Confirmation Questions

- 1.) Who is a Christian?
*A Christian is a follower of Jesus Christ. I became a Christian at Baptism.
- 2.) What is a Sacrament?
*A Sacrament is a powerful sign and ritual given to the Church by Christ to give grace.
- 3.) What is grace?
*Grace is God's loving presence in our souls.
- 4.) Name the seven Sacraments.
*The seven Sacraments are Baptism, Reconciliation, Holy Eucharist, Confirmation, Matrimony, Anointing of the Sick and Holy Orders.
- 5.) Which are the Sacraments of Initiation?
*Baptism, Confirmation and Holy Eucharist are Sacraments of Initiation.
- 6.) What is the Sacrament of Baptism?
*Baptism is the first Sacrament of Initiation into the Church that cleanses us of original sin and of any actual sins for which we are sorry.
- 7.) What is Confirmation?
*Confirmation is another Sacrament of Initiation o welcome into the Catholic Church in which the Holy Spirit makes us stronger to live and share our faith in Jesus.
- 8.) Who is the Holy Spirit?
*The Holy Spirit, who comes to us in Confirmation, is God and the third person of the Blessed Trinity.
- 9.) How does the Holy Spirit Come to us in Confirmation?
*The Bishop extends his hands over those to be confirmed and prays that they may receive the Holy Spirit, and anoints their foreheads with Chrism in the form of the cross. Our Confirmation by the Bishop reminds us of the First Pentecost.
- 10.) What is Chrism?
*Chrism is pure olive oil mixed with balsam (a fragrant spice) and is blessed by the Bishop. Chrism is used in the Sacrament of Baptism, Confirmation and Holy Orders.
- 11.) What does the Bishop say when he confirms?
*(confirmation name) *Be sealed with the gift of the Holy Spirit.*
(the newly Confirmed answer): *Amen*
(the Bishop then says) *Peace be with you.*
(the newly Confirmed answer:) *And also with you, Bishop.*

Confirmation Questions Continued

12.) Why does the Bishop anoint the forehead with the Chrism in the form of the cross?

*The Bishop anoints the forehead with Chrism in the form of the cross because the cross shows that the new task or mission will sometime be difficult. And that the confirmed may have to suffer like Christ, their leader.

13.) What are the effects of the Sacrament of Confirmation?

*The effects of the Sacrament of Confirmation are:

- a.) An increase in sanctifying grace.
- b.) A spiritual character (or an active power) that helps the one who receives it to publicly profess and defend the faith.

14.) How often may Confirmation be received?

*Confirmation can be received only once. Like Baptism, Confirmation imprints a spiritual character.

15.) Which Sacraments are called Sacraments of Healing?

*The Sacraments of Healing are Reconciliation and Anointing of the Sick. They celebrate Jesus' forgiveness of sin and healing of the sick.

16.) Which Sacraments are called Sacraments of Commitment (Vocation)?

*The Sacraments of Commitment are Matrimony and Holy Orders. In the Sacraments of Commitment, the Church celebrates two special ways people serve others by sharing their gifts.

17.) The child, who is to be confirmed, should be able to describe the First Pentecost.

*The account may be found in the Scriptures in the Act of Apostles, Chapter Two.

18.) In what form did the Holy Spirit come upon the Apostles at the First Pentecost?

*The Holy Spirit came upon the Apostles at the First Pentecost in the form of tongues of fire. (Read Act 2:1-13).

19.) Name the Gifts of the Holy Spirit.

*The Gifts of the Holy Spirit are Wisdom, Understanding, Knowledge, Right Judgment, Courage, Reverence, and Fear of the Lord.

20.) Name the Fruits of the Holy Spirit.

*The Fruits of the Holy Spirit are Love (or Charity), Joy, Peace, Patience, Kindness, Generosity, Faithfulness, Gentleness, Self-Control, Goodness, Long Suffering (or Endurance), and Chastity (or Modesty).